

THE HAWAIIAN GAZETTE

RODERICK O. MATHESON, EDITOR

FRIDAY MORNING,
JUNE 30, 1916.

THE ADVERTISER'S SEMI-WEEKLY

BREVINES

(From Wednesday Advertiser)
Edith Carlson was appointed administrator of the estate of Frank O. Carlson yesterday by Judge Whitney of the circuit court.

The accounts of Clifford B. High, administrator of the estate of Peter High were approved by Judge Whitney of the circuit court yesterday.

A suit for divorce on the ground of desertion was filed in the circuit court yesterday by Mikela Kailiokalani against Linahe Kailiokalani, both of Lolo, Oahu.

A. L. C. Atkinson has given up his law office in the Judd Building, and gone in with the firm of Thompson, Milverton & Cathcart, whose office is in the Campbell Block.

R. L. Daney, Company F, Second Infantry, Fort Shafter, has on sale at the Honolulu Photo Supply and Hollister's Drug stores a panoramic view of the recent Punahou anniversary celebration that is excellent. The photograph was taken during one of the main features of the great pageant and included an extensive sweep of Alexander Field, the crowds and the hills in the background.

(From Thursday Advertiser)
Amelia Bodnar filed suit against Robert Bodnar yesterday for divorce on the ground of nonsupport.

Will T. Carden, deputy city attorney, is acting attorney-general for the Territory while I. M. Steinback is in Kauai in connection with a number of tax appeal cases.

During the fiscal year ending next Friday, Circuit Judge Whitney, in the juvenile court, handled six cases of boys and girls. There are ninety cases not included in the report.

An action for \$650 against Samuel Schiller was begun yesterday in the circuit court when the Oahu Railway and Land Company filed suit and attached, claiming the \$650 due it for arrear rent.

Governor Pinkham yesterday reappointed Charles B. Forbes, a commissioner of public utilities. Forbes' term would have expired June 30, and he is expected to be out of the Territory on that date, the Governor acted at once.

(From Friday Advertiser)
W. Petroff was dismissed in the police court yesterday on the charge of beating his wife.

John F. Daly, 837 Young Street, made application yesterday in the United States district court for citizenship.

C. A. Widemann was appointed guardian of his son, Parker Widemann, yesterday by Judge Whitney of the circuit court.

An order approving the subdivision of the Thomas Pineapple Company's property was signed yesterday by Judge Whitney of the land court.

A decree of registered title was given the Bishop Trust Company of Hilo yesterday in the land court. The property concerned is located in Hilo.

The First Company, Coast Artillery, national guard, will visit Fort Kaneohe a week from tomorrow and will be taken over the entire plant.

A. P. Taylor, secretary of the promotion committee, has been selected secretary of the Kalaheua Day committee, which will have active charge of the arrangements.

A cadet corps will be organized among the members of the juvenile department of the Y. M. C. A. The boys will be drilled in games, physical work, and other things not of a military nature.

Dr. F. K. Li, charged with five violations of the Harrison narcotic drugs act, will be given his preliminary hearing before United States Commissioner Curry at two o'clock Wednesday afternoon.

A luncheon for the benefit of the Kalihi Orphanage will be held in the grounds of the Catholic Cathedral, Fort Street, tomorrow morning, and the auspices of the Hawaiian Women's Aid Society of the Sacred Hearts.

Inspectors of the anti-tuberculosis bureau of the board of health announced that the worst place they have found among the restaurants of the city is the Hoffman cafe in Hotel street, owned by Fu Wah and Chin Hoy.

W. A. Ramsay was promoted to be manager of Patton, Neill & Co., at a meeting of the directors yesterday morning, vice W. G. Hall who has recently been appointed assistant manager of Honolulu Iron Works Company. E. Faxon Bishop resigned as president of the company and Alonzo Gentry was elected in his stead. John Waterhouse was elected first vice president.

PAR VALUE OF BREWER SHARES MAY BE CHANGED

Shareholders of Three Plantations Ask For Reduction

The stockholders of three of the Brewer plantations, Hawaiian Agricultural, Honoumou and Pepeekeo, have requested the directors to change the par value of the shares from \$100 to twenty dollars.

If this request is complied with, each of the present shareholders will, on surrendering their stock certificates, receive five shares for one. It really makes no difference in values but makes transfers and sales more convenient. The present day tendency is towards a low rather than a high par value for all kinds of stocks.

If the request of the stockholders shall be granted there will be 100,000 shares of Hawaiian Agricultural Company to represent its \$20,000,000 capitalization and 37,500 shares each of Honoumou Sugar Company and Pepeekeo Sugar Company to represent their respective capitalizations of \$750,000. Based on present quotations Hawaiian Agricultural would be quoted about forty dollars, Honoumou forty dollars, Pepeekeo thirty dollars, on the proposed new basis.

PERSONALS

(From Wednesday Advertiser)
Mr. and Mrs. K. W. Wilcox of Lihou, Kauai, were arrivals yesterday morning in the Mauna Kea from Hilo.

Prof. William A. Bryan of the College of Hawaii was a passenger for the west coast of the Big Island in the Mauna Kea yesterday.

Dr. Donald MacLennan, father-in-law of B. G. Rivenburgh, land commissioner for the Territory, has been operated on at the Beretania Sanatorium, and yesterday was reported greatly improved.

Jay Gould, grandson of the great financier of the same name, is coming to Hawaii early next week with his wife and family, according to an Associated Press dispatch received here yesterday. They will sail from San Francisco today. Mrs. Gould is a daughter of Mrs. Robert Van, wife of the well-known painter. She also is a granddaughter of Mrs. L. A. Conney and a niece of Mrs. J. H. Conney of Kauai.

(From Thursday Advertiser)
Mr. Charles B. Blum left San Francisco yesterday on the Wilhelmina for Honolulu on his semi-annual trip.

George H. Viera was a passenger in the Mauna Kea yesterday morning for his home in Hilo, after a few days spent in Honolulu on business.

Regis-Gen. R. K. Evans, commanding the Hawaiian Department, yesterday called upon Rear-Admiral C. J. Hoosh, commandant of the naval station.

Among Honoluluans leaving yesterday for Hilo were Rev. and Mrs. D. C. Peters, Rev. A. V. Soares, Rev. and Mrs. S. K. Kamaipili and Theodore Richards.

Robert W. Shingle left in the Mauna Kea yesterday for Hilo, from where he will go to Maui in time to attend the Fourth of July races at Kahului. He will return to Honolulu probably next Wednesday.

Mrs. John P. Wisner, who recently arrived from Honolulu, was the honored guest at a delightful luncheon at which Mrs. Clara L. Darling presided at the Francis Club, San Francisco, on Tuesday last week.

Mr. and Mrs. J. C. Cohen will leave in the Sonoma on July 4 for the mainland, where they expect to remain two months. Mr. Cohen will study the theatrical field and make arrangements for new talent for the string of playhouses of the Honolulu Consolidated Amusement Company.

Four Japanese ministers, and Secretary K. Kawaguchi, of the local Japanese Y. M. C. A., left here yesterday for Hilo, to attend the annual meeting of the Hawaiian Board of Missions. The ministers are Rev. T. Okumura of the Makiki Japanese church, Rev. T. Hori of the Nuuanu church, Rev. Y. G. Motokawa of the South King-street church.

Y. Mori, who was eleven consul for Japan here for about three years, when S. Uyeno was consul-general, will be a visitor here in the near future on his way to China, to which country he has been transferred from South America. After leaving here Mori was appointed to a consulate in Peru. He has just transferred to Antung. He will make a short stay here and his many friends are arranging to entertain him.

(From Friday Advertiser)
Attorney William T. Rawlins is again laid up at his home on account of illness.

Mr. and Mrs. George Flood, who were married in Honolulu last week, left for San Francisco in the Matsushima last Wednesday.

A. K. Aona, clerk of Judge Whitney's court, will leave on a month's vacation Saturday. He will spend a part of his vacation in Hilo.

Mrs. Mary Little of San Francisco, who arrived in the Lurline on Wednesday, is visiting her daughter, Mrs. Robert Scott of 1576 Pensacola street.

Mrs. Pearl Hadley made application yesterday for a passport. She plans to leave Honolulu July 21 by the Matsushima and will spend some time in Canada.

Miss Mary Ann Sieg, Miss Annie Kaunahi and Miss Roseline Anakolia will leave in the Mauna Kea tomorrow afternoon to spend the Fourth of July in Hilo.

Among local persons going to the races at Kahului, Maui, for the Fourth of July are Mr. and Mrs. Gaston J. Roiser, Mrs. D. A. Espinda and Miss Martha Holburn.

(Mrs. Adela Schuman Chacon of Guatemala, granddaughter of Mrs. Mary Ann Lemon, is now visiting with Mrs. Fred W. Mackinney of 3165 Diamond Road, Waikiki.

Sylvester P. Correa, former member of the lower house in the local legislature, will leave for Hilo in the Mauna Kea tomorrow afternoon, on a short visit to the Second City.

Among Honoluluans expected to return in the Mauna Kea tomorrow morning from Hilo are Rev. Father H. Valentin, chaplain of the National Guard of Hawaii, and Antonio D. Castro of the San Antonio Society.

The Misses Olivia and Elvira Carvalho of Hilo will arrive in the Mauna Kea tomorrow to visit with their aunt, Mrs. G. F. Alfonso of 903 Seventh avenue, Kaimuki. They will also attend the summer school for teachers.

Rev. and Mrs. E. Eteson were the guests of honor at a reception and social given in the assembly hall of the Liliuokalani School, Kaimuki, last night. Rev. Mr. Eteson is now the priest-in-charge of the Church of the Epiphany, Tenth and Lanu avenues.

William H. Crane, the famous American actor, is expected to arrive in Honolulu for a visit, July 18, a passenger in the Matsushima. He will be accompanied by James Woods, manager of the St. Francis Hotel of San Francisco. Word of the planned trip was received by Manager Thiel of the Alexander Young Hotel yesterday.

COLDS CAUSE HEADACHES
LAXATIVE BROMO QUININE removes the cause. Use the world over to cure a cold in one day. The signature of E. W. GROVE is on each box. Manufactured by the PARIS MEDICINE CO., St. Louis, U. S. A.

FIRST OF MILITIA SENT INTO MEXICO

(Concluded From Page 1)
ever, they were made to bathe thoroughly in vinegar, and then they were taken to the Fort Bliss hospital, where they will remain until recovered from the effects of their imprisonment.

(Associated Press by Federal Wireless.)
SIXTY THOUSAND MILITIA IN FIELD

WASHINGTON, June 30 — With 20,000 militia men from the Eastern Department on their way to the border, and with 40,000 additional men in camp and waiting for the word to enter the front, Washington is breathing easier over the Mexican situation, although officials admit that the outlook continued grave. The indications are that General Carranza intends to confirm the orders issued by General Trevino, forbidding American troops from moving in any direction in Mexico, save toward the border.

This, however, is unsupported by any definite statement from the City of Mexico, and there is nothing to indicate when the de facto government intends to reply to the note from Mr. Wilson, demanding the release of the prisoners and the repudiation of the action of General Trevino in ordering the attack on the troops of the Tenth Cavalry at Carrizal.

Washington officials admit that they are puzzled by the action of Carranza in liberating the prisoners before answering the note, or indeed acknowledging the receipt of the message. They point out that this is a most unusual method of handling diplomatic exchanges, and confess themselves at a loss to understand the attitude of the Carranza government.

According to reports that have reached this city from Columbus, New Mexico, the situation in Mexico grows more acute daily. Trevino is said to have moved his troops into position to attack Pershing's column at any time, and is said to have mobilized 10,000 infantry and cavalry at Villa Ahumada. Two thousand Mexican troops are at Guzman, and other large bodies are stationed at important points, or are moving to the border.

Trevino Ready To Strike
The war department yesterday admitted that this, if true, indicates that Trevino is preparing to strike, and they agree that the reports of General Pershing's activity in concentrating his own men in advantageous positions probably are true, and that the American commander is preparing to meet any attacks that may be launched at him.

The preparations for war with Mexico continued unabated yesterday. State troops were being rushed to border posts, or camped in their own States ready for any orders or sudden emergency. The war department announced that three motor trucks of New Mexico militia had been sent across the border, the first of the State troops to make that move, to assist in guarding the lines of communications.

SUPREME COURT CASES FOR JULY

Appeal Brought To Break Trust of Queen's Property Is Upon Calendar

The July terms of the supreme court promises to be a busy one, judged from the calendar which was given out yesterday. One of the most interesting cases scheduled to be heard is the appeal in the Liliuokalani trust suit, which is set for July 12. The following is the calendar:

Mac B. Zumwalt v. John Luther Williams Zumwalt, error to circuit judge, fourth circuit.

Manuel F. Costa v. Mary Pineiro Costa. Appeal from circuit judge, second circuit.

Jonah Kuhio Kalaninohoe v. Liliuokalani, by her guardian ad litem, Lorrain Andrews, et al.

Maria Jesus Farinas v. Elesterio M. Farinas, et al. Submission upon agreed statement of facts.

In the matter of the estate of Alexander Leihaku Clark, deceased.

Territory of Hawaii v. William L. Peterson.

Territory of Hawaii v. Hilo Mercantile Co.

Territory of Hawaii v. Theo. H. Davies & Co., Ltd.

In the matter of the appeal of Charles B. Forbes from a ruling of the auditor of the Territory.

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Mrs. George Kaiser v. Samuel K. Pun, et al.

L. Weinheimer v. David K. Kahalo, et al.

Wailuu (w) v. Kainokupuna (k).

In the matter of Henry A. Wise.

Joseph S. Perry v. Carl S. Carlmitch.

INTER-ISLAND GOES TO AID OF MAUI'S CELEBRATION
The Inter-Island Steam Navigation Company announced yesterday that it has altered its schedule slightly in order to assist in the Fourth of July celebration on the Island of Maui. Arrangements have been made to have the Mauna leave Kahului about midnight, the launch service to the steamer beginning about eleven o'clock. The earlier hour, first set, would have cut short the time of the Honolulu visitors to the celebration.

POLITICAL TANGLE THREATENS TROUBLE

Convention, Legislative Session and Elections May Cause Strange Jumble Here

A peculiar political situation as a result of the approaching Territorial Republican convention, session of the legislature and city primaries and election to follow threatens trouble. The primaries for city officers and supervisors are to be held in March, but the legislature will be in session at that time and probably acting upon the most important amendments to the Honolulu charter. Moreover, the Republican territorial convention is to meet on July 17, and it is supposed to adopt a platform which will deal more or less with municipal affairs, but before the municipal election comes on, the legislature may have made vital alterations in the municipal act.

Mayor Lane, when asked yesterday about the campaign plans regarding the city election, pointed out the possibility that the primaries would come at a time when the municipal act was up for amendment in the legislature. Under these circumstances candidates would hardly know just what kind of offices they were up for.

"There is one change which must certainly be made," said the mayor, "and that is in relation to taxes. We are trying to go ahead on an income tax for a much smaller community than Honolulu is now. There must be a slight increase in the tax rate, to provide money to conduct the affairs of our larger city."

"A declaration in favor of some such amendment, to provide the city with more funds, is certain to be placed in the Republican territorial platform. Whether it will also declare for a change so that the municipality may collect the taxes and fix the rating I do not know. Everyone appreciates that there must be larger revenue."

UTILITIES COMMISSION HOLDS SHORT SESSION

No Business of Importance Is Transacted By Board

The public utilities commission held a brief meeting, at which no important action was taken, at the harbor board's headquarters in the Capitol yesterday afternoon. This was the last session the body can hold until Commissioner Williams returns from the mainland, two weeks hence, as Chairman Forbes expects to sail today on a six weeks' vacation in the States.

A communication from the Hawaii Telephone Company relative to switching charges made by it against the Kohala Telephone Company, was referred to the attorney-general for advice.

The only important accident report read was that of the Inter-Island Steam Navigation Company concerning the drowning of a sailor, Pa. Kaale, from the company's steamer Wailale, at Kaula, Kauai, on Tuesday of last week. Further investigation of this case was ordered.

As reported in The Advertiser of Monday, Kaale was caught in the surf while trying to swim ashore from one of the ship's boats which had capsized. Three other sailors who were thrown from the boat at the same time were saved.

TROUBLE AT PRISON CAMP UNEXPLAINED

Advices from Hilo yesterday regarding the trouble at the prison camp at Waimea, where three prisoners broke loose and made an attempt to "get" Warden Billy Woods, were to the effect that the camp was quiet again, and the prisoners are at work on the roads as before, except the three who were taken to Hilo jail.

Acting High Sheriff Pat Gleason said yesterday that he had no advices as to the cause of the outbreak.

Public sentiment in Hilo is said to be a good deal aroused by the disturbance and to demand that there be stricter discipline and more guards at the camp.

Among the prisoners are many long-term men, and under the honor system they are allowed much liberty. The three men who secured weapons are all under long sentences.

WHITE-POEPOE

William Oponui White, clerk with the Honolulu Iron Works, and Miss Helen N. Poepeo, daughter of Rev. Henry K. Poepeo, pastor of the Kaunakapili Church, Palama, and Mrs. Poepeo were married last night at the home of the parents of the bride, Kanana Lane, Palama. The nuptial service was performed by Rev. Samuel K. Kamaipili, assistant pastor of the Kaunakapili Church. Following the wedding, the young couple left for one of the island seaside resorts where they will spend a brief honeymoon. On their return they will make their home in this city. Mrs. White has been teaching school at Kapaun, Kauai, but was transferred by the board of education, at its recent annual meeting, to teach in the government school in Kalihiwangan, Honolulu.

ECONOMY IN THE END.

It costs but a small amount to keep Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy always in your medicine chest, and it is economy in the end. It always cures and cures quickly. For sale by all dealers. Hanson, Smith & Co., Ltd., agents for Hawaii.

America First

THEODORE ROOSEVELT, America's greatest son, places country above party and the honor and welfare of the nation above personal ambition. The nation is indebted to him as to the heroes who have given their lifeblood for the flag on a hundred battle fields.

His magnificent sacrifice in the hour of America's need stands out sharply in contrast with the weak and halting uncertainty and vacillation of Woodrow Wilson, than whom no President has ever proved greater craven, if not traitor, to the land of his birth. Deeds like this quicken the blood in the veins and heart of every true-born freeman, for Theodore Roosevelt places the honor of our common land and our common flag above all else, "quickening that national spirit which demands of every citizen that in patriotic devotion to Americanism his soul shall assay 100 per cent pure gold."

War, Not Starvation of Noncombatants!

A prominent Territorial official who needless to state holds political affiliation with the temporarily dominant party prognosticates that if war is declared against Mexico action on our part will be reduced to the maintenance of a stringent blockade. If this is to be there will be no punishment meted out to those who are in authority in that accursed land.

War by blockade does not strike those who deserve annihilation, or those who have created anarchy, or those who live by violence and rapine. It does not end these things; all it accomplishes is to starve the peons and wipe them off the face of the earth. Rapine, arson, murder and anarchy will continue unabated, the "Gringo" will reap a perpetual harvest of hatred, and the United States will lose what little vestige of respect it holds among the nations.

If there is war it must be war, cost what it may in the lives of our fighting men. Punishment must be meted to those who have earned it.

The Coast Strike

THE disturbing feature of the Longshoremen's strike on the Pacific Coast is that the fight is being made on the adoption of the "closed shop" principle. Higher wages will be paid without question so long as there is no revolt against the higher cost of living that wages-increase always creates. So long as the land is enjoying a high state of prosperity there is little likelihood of serious objections to granting a general increase of pay to the workers in any specialized industry, and it is generally acknowledged that the longshoremen and stevedores have to work under extremely trying conditions.

The man who stows freight in the fetid, unventilated holds of deep-sea carriers must use judgment as well as brawn and sweat. He handles great weights and unwieldy packages in cramped elbow-room, and to fulfill the demands of his employers and of maritime competition must work swiftly and with some understanding of his problem, which is that the vessel shall withstand the buffeting of great seas without shifting or damage to the cargo he has stowed. This is looking at the problem from the view point of the man who does the work. In discharging cargo the conditions are fully as arduous and trying. The lading and unlading of ships is a dangerous as well as arduous occupation.

Ship-owners and shipper acknowledge all these contentions, and are also willing to admit that the hazard involved calls for remuneration above that paid shore-workers. They take issue with the laborers, however, on this broad general ground, that the lading of the ships is merely one of the minor steps in the merchandizing of goods.

The real fight is not between the Longshoremen and the ship owners. It is between the longshoremen and the basic public and public opinion in the United States has never backed up the contentions of organized labor that the right of any man to work at any employment for which he is fitted shall be denied him because he does not belong to a labor union. It is right and just that men working at any trade or profession should form societies, unions and organizations to better the working conditions by which they are surrounded. No one denies their right to limit their membership in any manner they see fit so long as their rules and regulations do not transcend the law.

But when a labor union denies the right of men not enjoying the privileges of membership to engage in that particular line of employment, public opinion does not uphold organized labor in its arrogant contentions. The merchant, farmer and manufacturers want service, and so long as service is efficient they are willing to pay for it. The stowing and handling of cargoes of merchandise in transit is simply one detail of the service they expect to get when they deliver their goods to a common carrier, for transportation to a distant market.

If the labor unions force this issue of the fundamental right of any one group within the community to dictate terms of employment to those not members of that group, it will be settled on the basis of fair play. The verdict of the American people will not be rendered in their favor.

Contentment Reigns

THE bonus system adopted by the sugar planters throughout Hawaii is yielding far better results than anyone, either employers or employed, had believed would be possible. The managers report a bigger daily turnout of laborers than there has ever been in the history of the industry, and a change in the morale of the laborers.

It has always been considered a serious defect of the plantation system that the laborers had little sense of responsibility and as a rule gave little heed to their employers' interests. Men would not lift a finger to prevent waste or destruction of property if it was something outside of their own particular duties, and even here the sense of individual responsibility for losses to their employer was very lax.

The bonus system has changed all this, for it has brought home to every employee on the plantation the truth that the company business is his business. The laborer has become part owner in the plantation that employs him. If there is waste or needless destruction of property, part of the loss comes out of his own pocket. Hence every man has become the luna of every other man, and makes it his business to see that work is done as it should be, and he puts in his best work himself. Hence sugar is being made today cheaper than it has ever been produced in Hawaii and this under the highest wages ever paid laborers in any sugar country in the world.

From the standpoint of the laborers, they find difficulty in expressing their extreme gratitude and appreciation. Every mail brings to the agencies in Honolulu formal letters couched in terms of the deepest satisfaction that the planters have gone far beyond the expectations of their employees in this matter of voluntary wage increase.

The adoption of the bonus system by the plantations has done more to increase mutual friendship and understanding between employees and employer than any one action ever taken, and it has proved mutually profitable to both.

The New Freedom Coinage

ON July 1 new designs in fractional silver currency will be united. This will be the first time since 1891 that there has been a change in dimes, quarters and halves. The face of the new half-dollar, which was designed by Adolph A. Weinman, will bear a full-length figure of Liberty with the American flag as a background. The goddess is shown as striding towards the dawn of a new day. She is carrying laurel and oak branches symbolic of civil and military glory. On the reverse side is an eagle perched on a mountain range and from a cleft in the rocks is springing a pine sapling, symbolic of America.

The design of the dime, also by Weinman, shows Liberty with a winged cap, on the face, and on the reverse a bundle of rods and a battle-axe, denoting unity. The design for the new twenty-five-cent piece, by Herman A. MacNeil, is intended to typify the awakening of America. Liberty, full length, is pictured as stepping toward the gateway of America bearing an upraised shield from which the covering is being taken. In the right hand in an olive branch of peace.

The treasury department in its description of the new coinage expresses the hope that the designs will make the half dollars more popular, the use of this coin having greatly diminished in recent years. The designs have been idealized to express the high and lofty position of America as an arbiter of human rights and to symbolize American influence in world affairs.

Last Sunday the supervisors started out to investigate Circle Drive, but got "bogged" at the Country club, if reports from that part of the city are to be given credence. Next Sunday they are planning to try again but will attempt to enter the district from the Punui flank. Our city fathers are brave men and true. They should remember, however, that while the roads leading to a certain well-known summer resort are said to be paved with good intentions, Punui roads have no pavement whatsoever. If these gentlemen disappear Sunday, search parties will drain and excavate the roads in Honolulu's favorite mountain suburb, until the lost are found.

A typical example of the results of the "Safety First" campaign is found in the exhibit of a railroad on which the volume of business increased eleven per cent from 1913 to 1915, while the number of injuries to employees decreased thirty-six per cent. On this same road there were sixty-one employees killed in 1912. Taking the volume of business of that year as a standard, the company's statistics show that in 1915 the volume of business was twenty-two per cent greater while the number of deaths decreased forty-one per cent.

A recent government report on how to keep fish from committing suicide by straying into irrigation ditches gives a good idea of how this administration is overworking its clerks. We might follow suit and get the next legislature to appoint inspectors to stand guard over the blind fish that must live in the subterranean and artesian flows of Hawaii. This idea showing how to put some more public servants on the payroll is worth remembering.

It begins to look as though Uncle Sam has a few more checks to turn and that the administration is built on the same principle as a revolving lighthouse.